

# Regulating timber harvesting on steep slopes

Timber harvesting on steep slopes is only allowed under strict conditions. The Conservation Regulator monitors timber harvesting coupes on steep slopes to ensure compliance with legal obligations and protect the environment.

Protection of water quality, river health and soil is an important part of timber harvesting law. To do this, the law includes requirements for management of timber harvesting on steep slopes.

## What are the laws for timber harvesting on steep slopes?

The ***Sustainable Forests (Timber) Act 2014 (the Act)*** establishes a compliance and enforcement regime for timber harvesting operations.

The ***Code of Practice for Timber Production 2014 (the Code)*** and the ***Management Standards and Procedures for timber harvesting operations in Victoria's State forests 2014 (the MSPs)*** include a general exclusion of timber harvesting operations for slopes over 30 degrees.

Exceptions to this exclusion apply for up to 10% of a net harvest area when the risk of mass soil movement has been appropriately managed.

Tighter restrictions may exist based on soil characteristics or if they are in a Water Supply Protection Area.

A two-year statute of limitation applies under the Act. This means, the Conservation Regulator can only investigate and take legal action on matters that have occurred in the last two years.

## How does the Conservation Regulator monitor timber harvesting on steep slopes?

The Conservation Regulator was established in 2019 and has introduced a range of changes to increase focus and transparency on timber harvesting regulation. These changes have resulted in an approximately fourfold increase in coupe inspection per annum since the Conservation Regulator's inception, increased rigour of assessments of allegations of non-compliance and increased public reporting of activities including through our [Year in Review](#) and our recently launched [Forest Information Portal](#).

The Conservation Regulator introduced a proactive coupe inspection program in 2019 to identify and monitor timber harvesting in high risk locations, including on steep slopes. Steep slopes are a focus of this program due to the potential impacts on water quality and soil movement, especially those within Water Supply Protection Areas.

Since the program was established in late 2019, the Conservation Regulator has proactively inspected 56 coupes for compliance with legal obligations. This activity is in addition to inspections that may occur as the result of allegations of non-compliance.

Inspections occur before, during and after harvesting operations and include on-ground surveying to determine the average slope area and in-field measurements to determine compliance.



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After harvesting is complete, further inspections may be conducted to ensure completed works meet legal requirements.

Coupes with identified steep slopes are also assessed as part of the independent Forest Audit Program. These results are reported on the Conservation Regulator's website.

The Conservation Regulator also provides guidance to VicForests regarding the legality of harvesting on steep slopes and erosive soils.

## What allegations have been made to the Conservation Regulator in relation to timber harvesting on steep slopes?

In November 2019, the Conservation Regulator received information alleging illegal timber harvesting on steep slopes. These allegations dated from 2004 to 2019.

The methodology for identifying these allegations relied almost exclusively on modelled data and limited in-field verification to infer alleged non-compliance.

The use of modelled data alone is not sufficient to determine non-compliance legally.

## Did the Conservation Regulator investigate allegations of non-compliant harvesting on steep slopes in water catchment areas?

Yes, all aspects of the original report were assessed. As a result, the Conservation Regulator launched two separate investigations into timber harvesting on steep slopes.

Given the largely historic nature of the allegations, most of the allegations of unlawful timber harvesting were outside the two-year statute of limitation for legal action.

The Conservation Regulator reviewed the modelled data in the report and undertook its own detailed modelling and spatial analysis of harvested areas and slope from 2004 to 2019.

## What was the result of the Conservation Regulator's investigations?



The Conservation Regulator found two breaches of the slope harvesting limit.

Technical assessments of the coupes, including onsite assessments, looked for evidence of erosion or mass soil movement resulting from these breaches.

No evidence of demonstrable environmental harm was found so the matter did not proceed to prosecution, consistent with the Conservation Regulator's Compliance and Enforcement Policy.

However, the Conservation Regulator did formally advise VicForests of its breach and warn the entity of the significant penalties which apply under Act, should future breach be identified.

## Reporting allegations of non-compliance with timber harvesting law.

The Conservation Regulator encourages the reporting of allegations of non-compliance with timber harvesting law.

Allegations of non-compliance can be submitted to [forest.reports@delwp.vic.gov.au](mailto:forest.reports@delwp.vic.gov.au). Submission guidelines can be found at <https://www.forestsandreserves.vic.gov.au/forest-management/forest-reports>

The timely reporting of allegations ensures the Conservation Regulator can investigate breaches within the statute of limitations.